Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online
ISSN 1600-5368

## Hong-Ping Xiao,* Ya-Qian Cheng and Xin-Hua Li

School of Chemistry and Materials Science, Wenzhou Normal College, Zhejiang Wenzhou 325027, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail:
hp_xiao@yahoo.com.cn

## Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study
$T=298 \mathrm{~K}$
Mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.004 \AA$
$R$ factor $=0.046$
$w R$ factor $=0.098$
Data-to-parameter ratio $=13.1$
For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.
(C) 2005 International Union of Crystallography Printed in Great Britain - all rights reserved

## catena-Poly[[(2,2'-bipyridine)nickel(II)]-$\mu-4,4^{\prime}$-oxydibenzoato]

In the title compound, $\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right)\left(\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2}\right)\right]_{n}$, the $\mathrm{Ni}^{\text {II }}$ atom is coordinated by four O atoms of two $4,4^{\prime}$-oxydibenzoate (oba) dianions and two N atoms of a chelate $2,2^{\prime}$ bipyridine ligand to furnish a distorted octahedral coordination environment. The V-shaped oba dianion acts as a bridge between two Ni atoms to form a zigzag chain coordination polymer.

## Comment

The versatility of the flexible ligand $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{oba}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{oba}\right.$ is $4,4^{\prime}$ oxydibenzoic acid) is manifested by the interesting polymeric structures that it forms (Liu et al., 2002; Skakle et al., 2001; Wang et al., 2004). In our previous work, the reaction of nickel(II) acetate, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{oba}$ and phen (phen is 1,10 -phenanthroline) afforded polymeric $\left\{[\mathrm{Ni}(\text { phen })(\mathrm{oba})] \cdot 0.25 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right\}_{n}$ (Xiao et al., 2005). We used 2, $2^{\prime}$-bipyridine ( $2,2^{\prime}$-bipy) in place of phen and obtained the title compound, (I).

(I)

In (I), the $\mathrm{Ni}^{\mathrm{II}}$ atom is coordinated by four O atoms of two oba ligands and two N atoms of a chelate $2,2^{\prime}$-bipy ligand to furnish a distorted octahedral coordination environment (Fig. 1). The $\mathrm{Ni}^{\mathrm{II}}$ atoms are linked by the oba ligands to form zigzag chains running along [201]. The 2,2'-bipy ligands protrude on both sides of the zigzag chain (Fig. 2). The dihedral angle between the planes of the two benzene rings of the oba dianion is $82.7(1)^{\circ}$. The mean plane of the $2,2^{\prime}$-bipy ligand forms dihedral angles of 87.7 (1) and $94.1(1)^{\circ}$, respectively, with the $\mathrm{C} 12-\mathrm{C} 17$ and $\mathrm{C} 18-\mathrm{C} 23$ benzene rings, indicating that the $2,2^{\prime}$-bipy plane is perpendicular to the two benzene rings of the oba ligand.

Received 27 January 2005 Accepted 31 January 2005 Online 5 February 2005

## Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by the hydrothermal method from a mixture of $4,4^{\prime}$-oxybis(benzoic acid) ( 0.5 mmol ), $\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}\right)_{2} \cdot 4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.5 \mathrm{mmol}), 2,2$ '-bipyridine $(0.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(8.0 \mathrm{ml})$ in a 15.0 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel reactor. The solution was heated at 423 K for four days. On completion of the reaction, the system was cooled slowly to room temperature, and green crystals were collected.

## Crystal data

$\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right)\left(\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2}\right)\right]$
$M_{r}=471.10$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
$a=12.2223(18) \AA$
$b=15.017(2) \AA$
$c=11.3182(16) \AA$
$\beta=92.026(3)^{\circ} \AA$
$V=2076.1(5) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

$$
D_{x}=1.507 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}
$$

$\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right)\left(\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2}\right)\right.$ ]
471.10

Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
Cell parameters from 2159 reflections
$\theta=2.3-22.3^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.97 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=298$ (2) K
Block, green
$0.19 \times 0.16 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}$
Data collection
Bruker APEX area-detector diffractometer
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2002)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.837, T_{\text {max }}=0.876$
11073 measured reflections
3792 independent reflections
3075 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.036$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=25.3^{\circ}$
$h=-13 \rightarrow 14$
$k=-13 \rightarrow 18$
$l=-13 \rightarrow 13$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.046$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.098$
$S=1.06$
3792 reflections
289 parameters
H -atom parameters constrained


Figure 1
The coordination environment of atom Ni1 in (I), with the atom numbering, showing displacement ellipsoids at the $30 \%$ probability level.


Figure 2
The zigzag chain of (I).

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: XP (Bruker, 2002); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

We acknowledge financial support by the Wenzhou Science and Technology Project of China (No. S2003A008) and Zhejiang Provincial Natural Science Foundation of China (No. 202137).

## References

Bruker (2002). SMART, SAINT, SADABS and XP. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Liu, G. F., Qiao, Z. P., Wang, H. Z., Chen, X. M. \& Yang, G. (2002). New J. Chem. 26, 791-795.
Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). SHELXS97 and SHELXL97. University of Göttingen, Germany.
Skakle, J. M. S., Foreman, M. R. St J. \& Plater, M. J. (2001). Acta Cryst. E57, m169-m171.
Wang, Y. B., Wang, Z. M., Yan, C. H. \& Jin, L. P. (2004). J. Mol. Struct. 692, 177-186.
Xiao, H.-P., Wang, J.-G., Li, X.-H., Hu, M. L. \& Zhang, W.-B. (2005). Acta Cryst. E61, m257-m259.

